

FILMTEC™ Membranes

FILMTEC LE-440*i* High Surface Area, Low-Energy Brackish Water RO Element with *i*LEC™ Interlocking Endcaps

Features

The FILMTEC™ LE-440 i element is a low-energy element featuring the highest active membrane area in the industry. It enables high productivity and low energy operation, while maintaining high-rejection performance, minimizing operating expense and lowering the total cost of water for industrial and municipal applications.

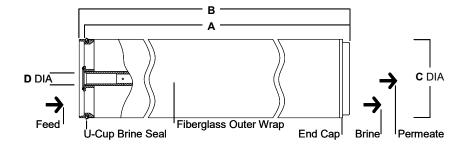
- Delivers the same permeate flow at an equivalent operating flux at 40% lower feed pressure, compared to the FILMTEC BW30-440i element.
- Offers permeate flow rate 10 percent higher while producing similar permeate quality than that of the FILMTEC LE-400 element, enabling the lowest total cost of water in highpurity industrial applications.
- Includes iLEC™ interlocking endcaps, which reduce system operating costs and the
 risk of o-ring leaks that cause poor water quality.
- Designed using an industry standard 1.125 inch ID permeate tube for interchangeability with other brackish water elements.

Product Specifications

		Active area	Feed spacer	Permeate flow rate	Stabilized salt	Minimum salt
Product	Part number	ft² (m²)	thickness (mil)	gpd (m³/d)	rejection (%)	rejection (%)
LE-440 <i>i</i>	246670	440 (41)	28	12,650 (48)	99.3%	99.0%

- 1. Permeate flow and salt rejection based on the following standard conditions: 2,000 ppm NaCl, 150 psi (10.3 bar), 77°F (25°C), pH 8 and 15% recovery.
- 2. For comparison, the LE-440 i will have a permeate flow of 13,400 gpd (51 m³/d) and stabilized salt rejection of 99.3% when normalized to a feed solution of 1,500 ppm NaCl as used by some manufacturers.
- 3. Flow rates for individual elements may vary but will be no more than 15% below the value shown.
- 4. Sales specifications may vary as design revisions take place.
- 5. Active area guaranteed +/-3%. Active area as stated by FilmTec is not comparable to nominal membrane area often stated by some manufacturers. Measurement method described in Form No. 609-00434.

Figure 1



Dimensions – inches (mm)

Product	Α	В	С	D
LE-440 <i>i</i>	40.0 (1,016)	40.5 (1,029)	7.9 (201)	1.125 ID (29)

^{1.} Refer to FilmTec Design Guidelines for multiple-element applications and recommended element recovery rates for various feed sources.

1 inch = 25.4

2. Element to fit nominal 8.0-inch (203 mm) I.D. pressure vessel.

Operating Limits

Membrane Type
 Polyamide Thin-Film Composite

Maximum Operating Temperaturea113°F (45°C)Maximum Operating Pressure600 psig (41 bar)Maximum Pressure Drop15 psig (1.0 bar)

pH Range, Continuous Operation^a 2 - 11 pH Range, Short-Term Cleaning (30 min.)^b 1 - 13

Maximum Feed Flow
 85 gpm (19 m³/hr)

Maximum Feed Silt Density Index
 Free Chlorine Tolerance^c
 SDI 5
 <0.1 ppm

^a Maximum temperature for continuous operation above pH 10 is 95°F (35°C).

Refer to Cleaning Guidelines in specification sheet 609-23010.

Under certain conditions, the presence of free chlorine and other oxidizing agents will cause premature membrane failure. Since oxidation damage is not covered under warranty, FilmTec recommends removing residual free chlorine by pretreatment prior to membrane exposure. Please refer to technical bulletin 609-22010 for more information.

Important Information

Proper start-up of reverse osmosis water treatment systems is essential to prepare the membranes for operating service and to prevent membrane damage due to overfeeding or hydraulic shock. Following the proper start-up sequence also helps ensure that system operating parameters conform to design specifications so that system water quality and productivity goals can be achieved.

Before initiating system start-up procedures, membrane pretreatment, loading of the membrane elements, instrument calibration and other system checks should be completed.

Please refer to the application information literature entitled "Start-Up Sequence" (Form No. 609-02077) for more information.

Operation Guidelines

Avoid any abrupt pressure or cross-flow variations on the spiral elements during start-up, shutdown, cleaning or other sequences to prevent possible membrane damage. During start-up, a gradual change from a standstill to operating state is recommended as follows:

- Feed pressure should be increased gradually over a 30-60 second time frame.
- Cross-flow velocity at set operating point should be achieved gradually over 15-20 seconds.
- Permeate obtained from first hour of operation should be discarded.

General Information

- Keep elements moist at all times after initial wetting.
- If operating limits and guidelines given in this bulletin are not strictly followed, the limited warranty will be null and void.
- To prevent biological growth during prolonged system shutdowns, it is recommended that membrane elements be immersed in a preservative solution.
- The customer is fully responsible for the effects of incompatible chemicals and lubricants on elements.
- Maximum pressure drop across an entire pressure vessel (housing) is 50 psi (3.4 bar).
- Avoid static permeate-side backpressure at all times.

Regulatory Note

These membranes may be subject to drinking water application restrictions in some countries: please check the application status before use and sale.

Notice: The use of this product in and of itself does not necessarily guarantee the removal of cysts and pathogens from water. Effective cyst and pathogen reduction is dependent on the complete system design and on the operation and maintenance of the system.

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